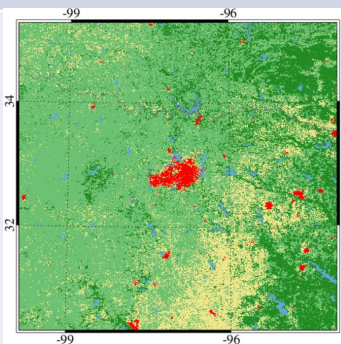


I-WRF Science Use Cases

1. Land Use/Land Cover (LULC) Δ

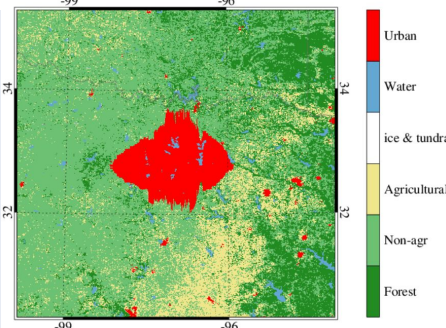
Perturbation exp. to examine urban feedback to deep convection.

- WRF. Compute demand: Modest. Short duration (days), high res. (dx ~ 1.3 km), multiple perturbations & physics settings.
- WRF (multi-node), MET-plus (1-node)



DFW
v
DFW \times 8

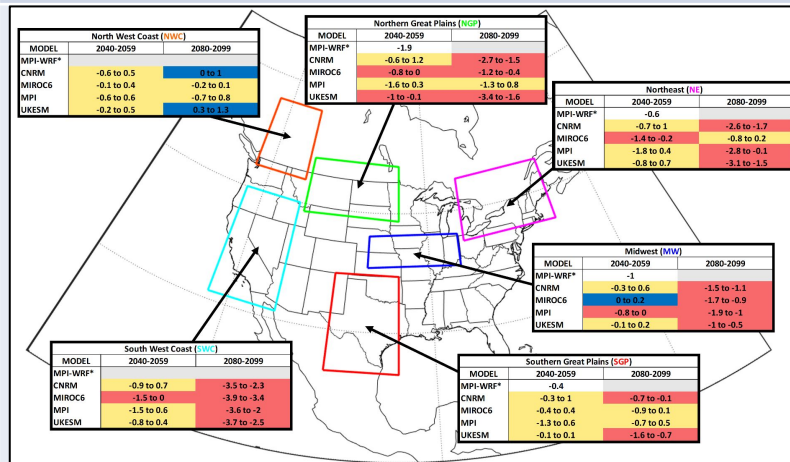
Zhou et al.
(2024): *JGR*
129
2023JD039972



2. Climate science & Renewable energy

Uniquely detailed resource projections for solar & wind under climate change.

- WRF. Compute demand: Large (many nodes). Long duration (multiple years/decades), moderate resolution (dx ~ 4 km)
- To increase IMPACT joined WCRP-CORDEX

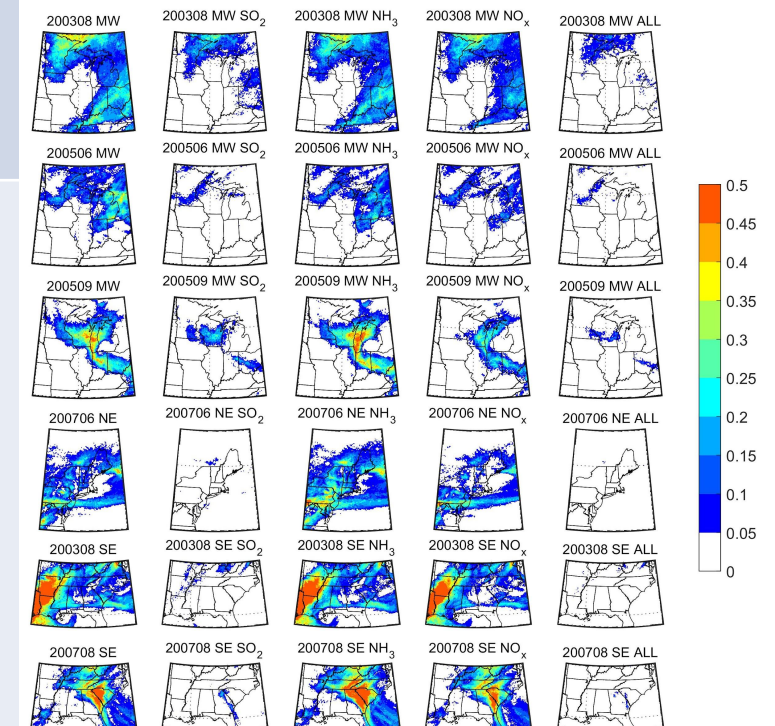


Coburn & Pryor (2023): *JAMC* **62** 81-101

3. Air quality in an evolving climate

Detailed simulations of interplay between emission changes, LULC change & climate evolution.

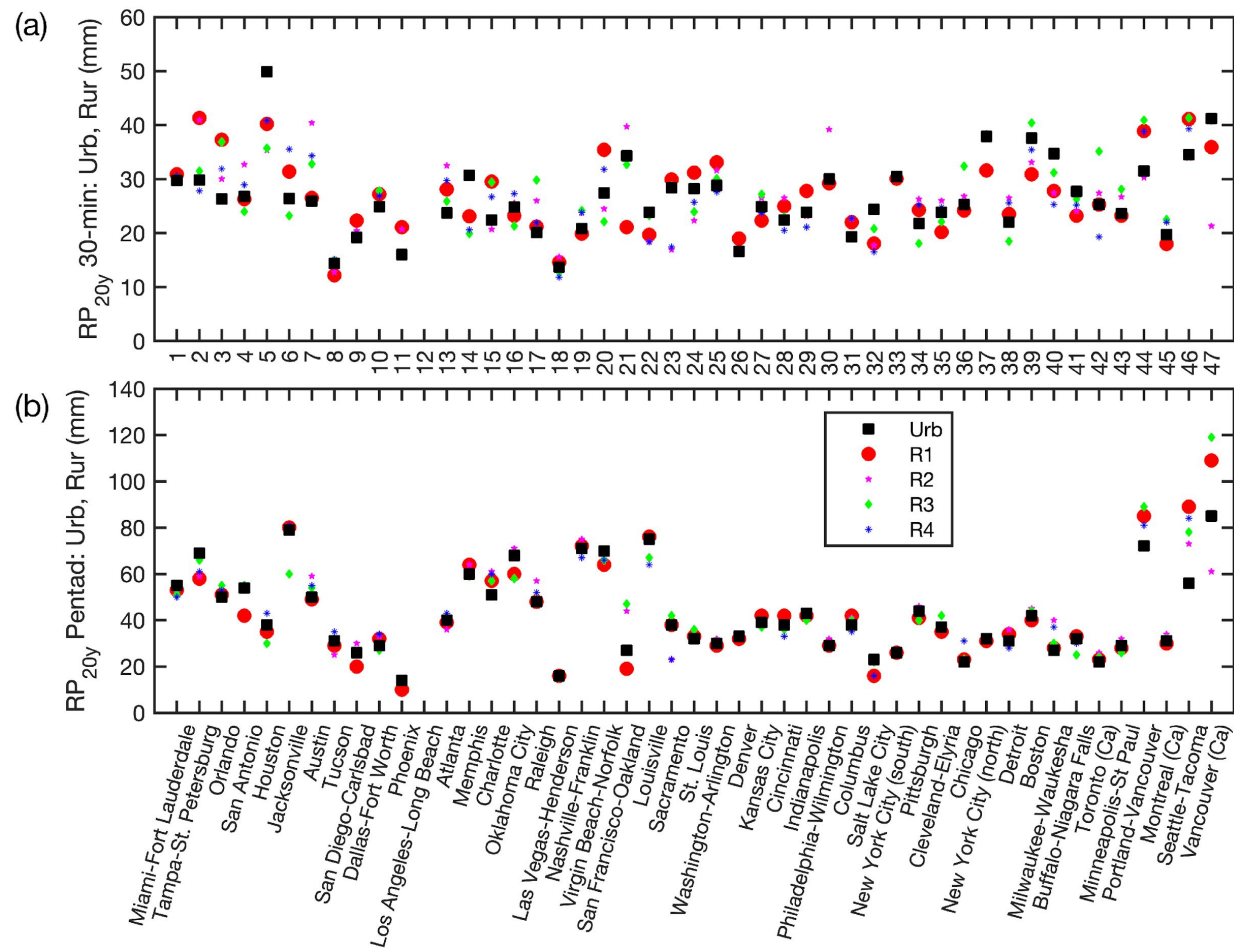
- WRF-Chem (1st time containerized). Compute complexity = high.



Guo et al. (2021): *JGR* **126** e2020JD033759

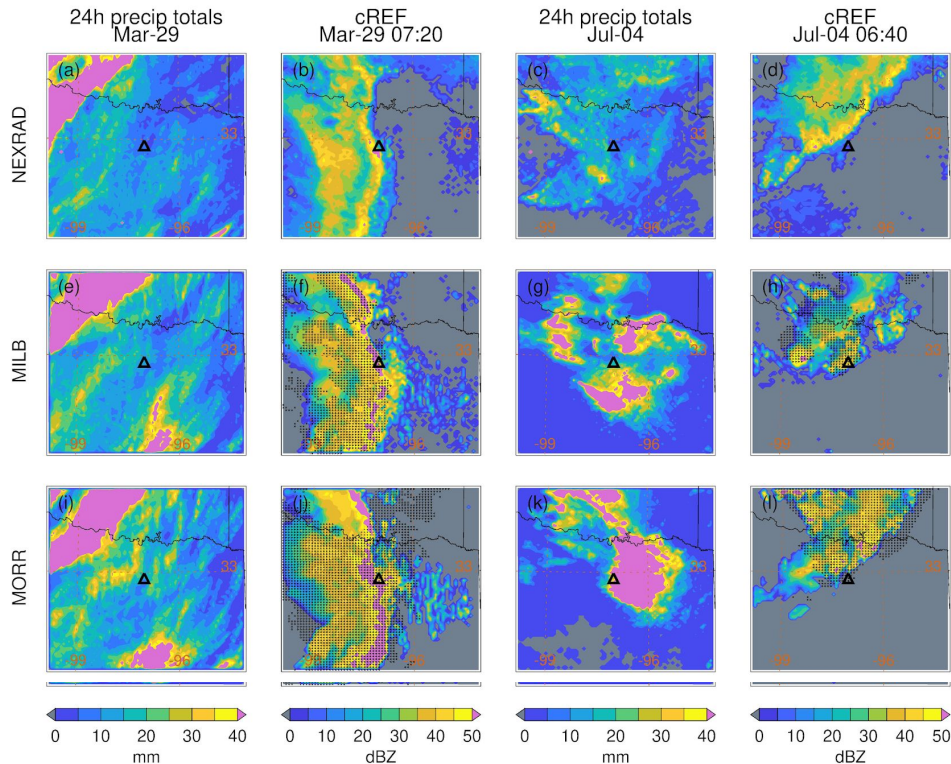
I-WRF: Science Use Case #1: Why?

- Urbanization a global trend
- SOME research has indicated urban areas intensify deep convection... but not uniform & MECHANISTIC information hard to extract from observations & models allow 'what-if' scenarios...
- Societal impact: urban flooding (NY declared state of emergency 31 July 2025)



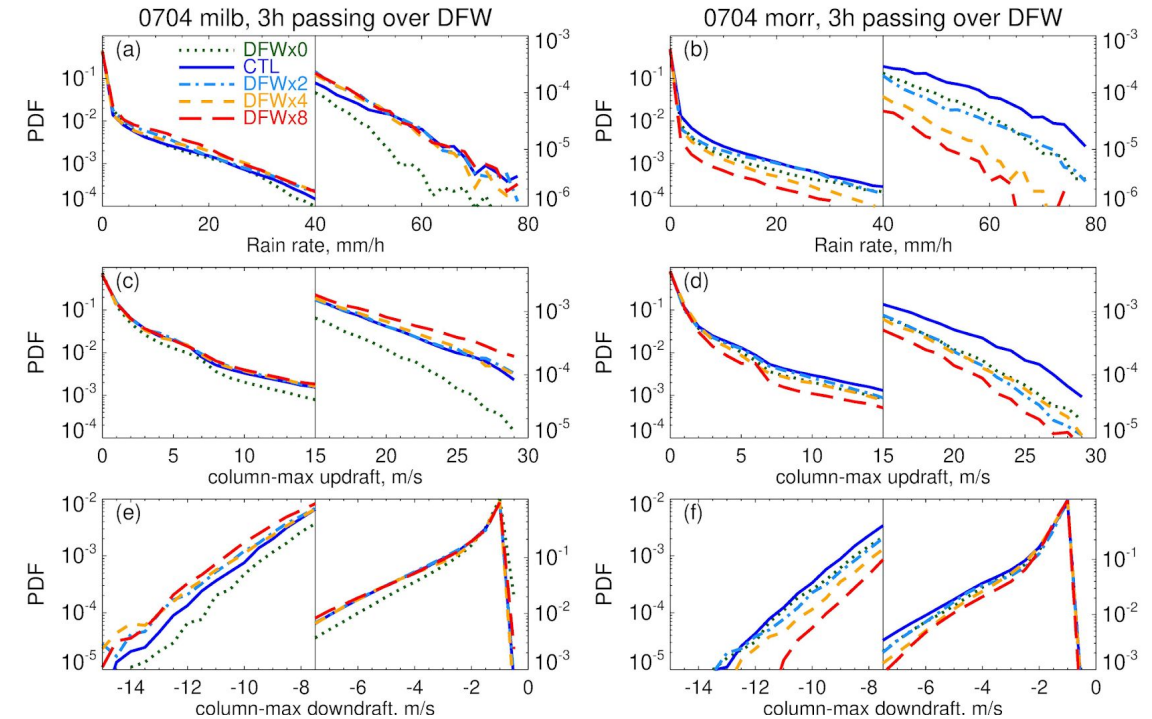
I-WRF: Science Use Case #1:

- Dallas Fort Worth: Isolated urban area, rapidly expanding, frequent deep convection
- Control simulations (DFW as is): Highest fidelity for MORR & MILB.



Zhou et al. (2024): *JGR* **129** 2023JD039972


- Perturbation experiments: Sign of responses to removal/expansion of DFW = f (MP scheme)



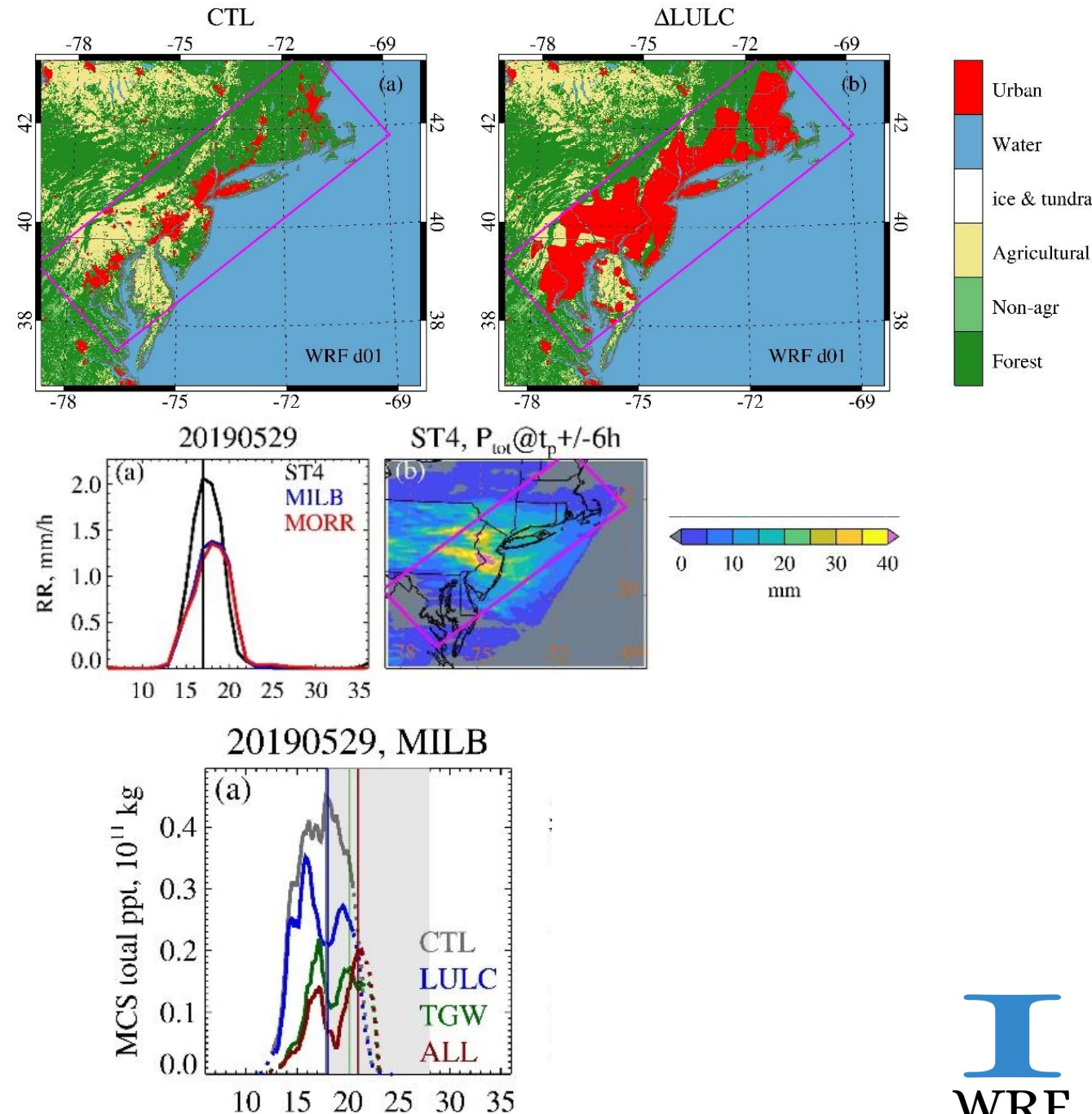
- May explain divergent responses past LULC pert. exp. that have typically used only one MP

- **Basis of the LULC demo in container.**

I-WRF: Science Use Case #1

- BOSWASH: Massive spatial extent, high conc. of people & capital assets
- 13 Meso-scale convective events
 - 2 MP param.
 - Perturbations consistent with SSP585
 - LULC: 4* urban area
 - Climate change (TGW, T & humidity)
 - LULC + TGW
- Results in terms of total precipitation in BOSWASH (magenta box!)
 - Climate change signal > LULC signal
 - LULC & TGW TEND to  PPT over urban corridor (but intensify downwind)

Zhou X. and Pryor S.C. (2025): JGR *in review*

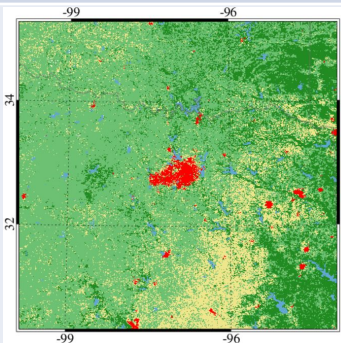


I-WRF Science Use Cases

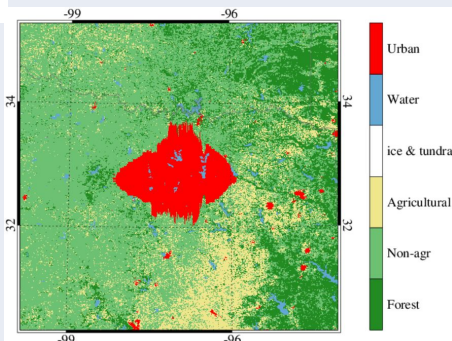
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DFW×8

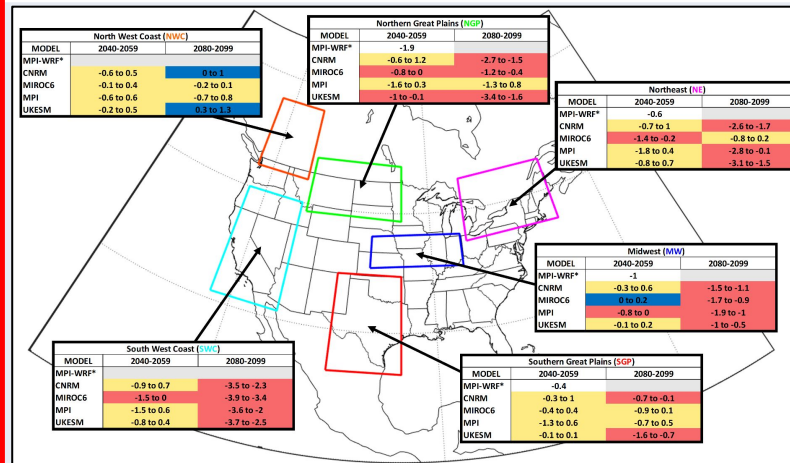


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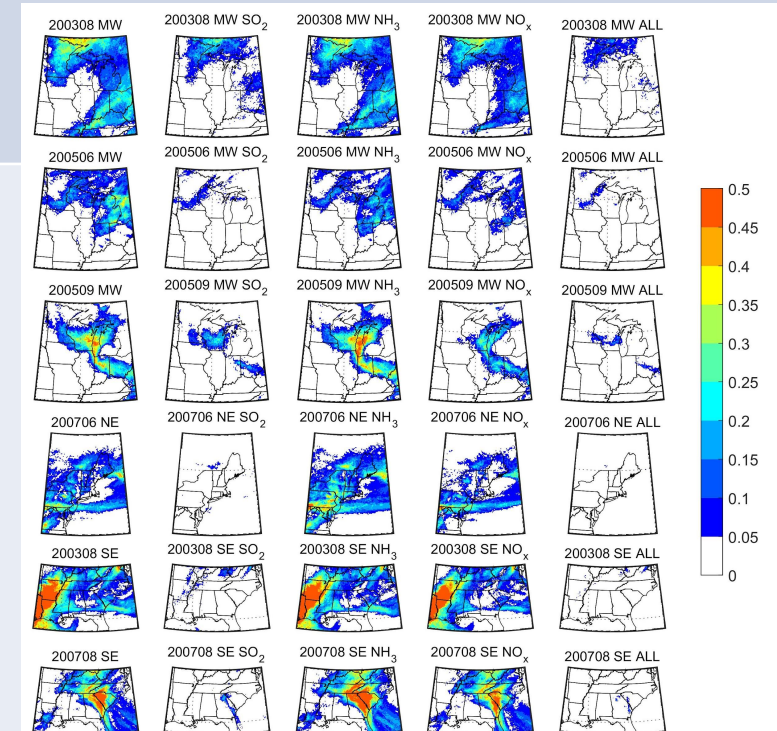


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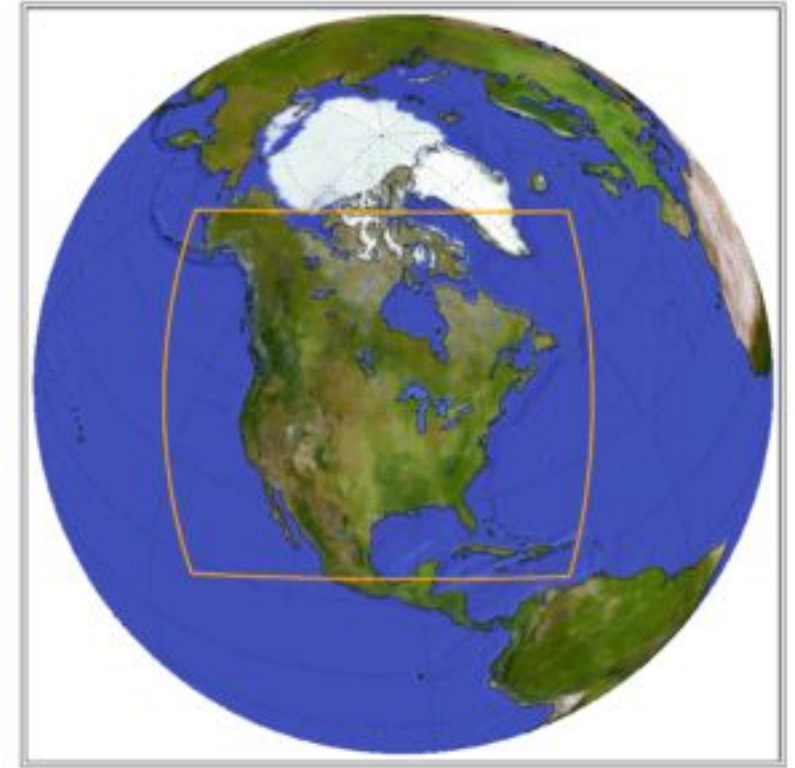
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Guo et al. (2021): *JGR* **126** e2020JD033759

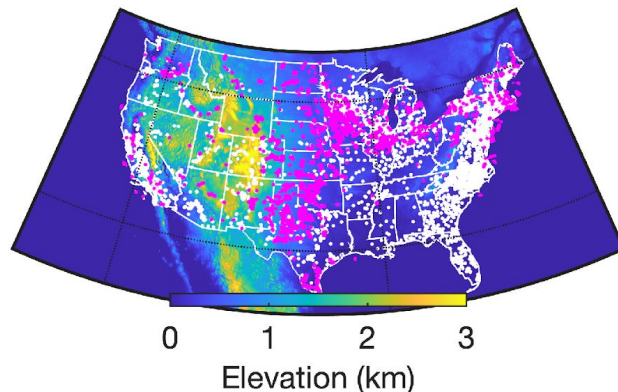
I-WRF: Science Use Case #2

- What is CORDEX?
 - Coordinated Regional Climate Downscaling Experiment
<https://cordex.org/>
 - Why join?
 - To provision climate projections to wide audience. **(term CORDEX yields 27,900 hits on google scholar!)**



I-WRF: Science Use Case #2

- WRF simulations (1960-1989 & 2040-2069 SSP585, LBC: MPI-ESM)
 - D01 (663 x 630): dx = 12km: NA-CORDEX
 - D02 (1369 x 898): dx = 4km: CONUS selected years
 - Milbrandt-Yau microphysics (double-moment)
 - MYNN PBL with EDMF (shallow convection)
 - RRTMG LW/SW (with solar irradiance partitioning)
 - Noah-MP (versatile treatments of surface properties)
 - Time varying SST & AOD
 - Nudging above PBL
- Why focus on energy applications?
 - Utility scale solar PV & wind energy now 15% global electricity. CONUS WT IC > 155 GW, solar PV > 130 GW

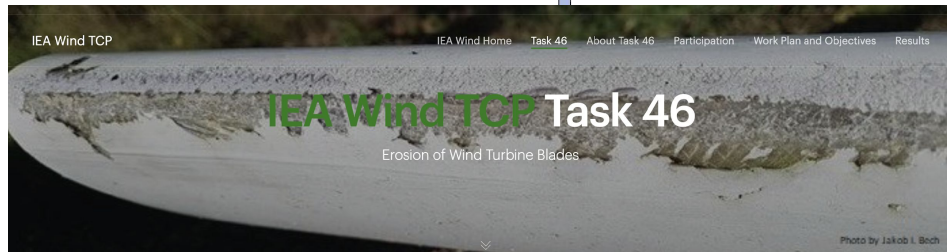
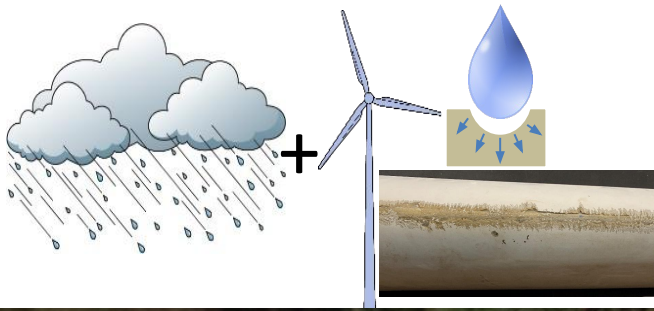


Status	NA-CORDEX	CONUS
Historical	21 years	Pending
Future	14 years	Pending

I-WRF: Science Use Case #2

- E.g. science questions we will answer using these simulations:

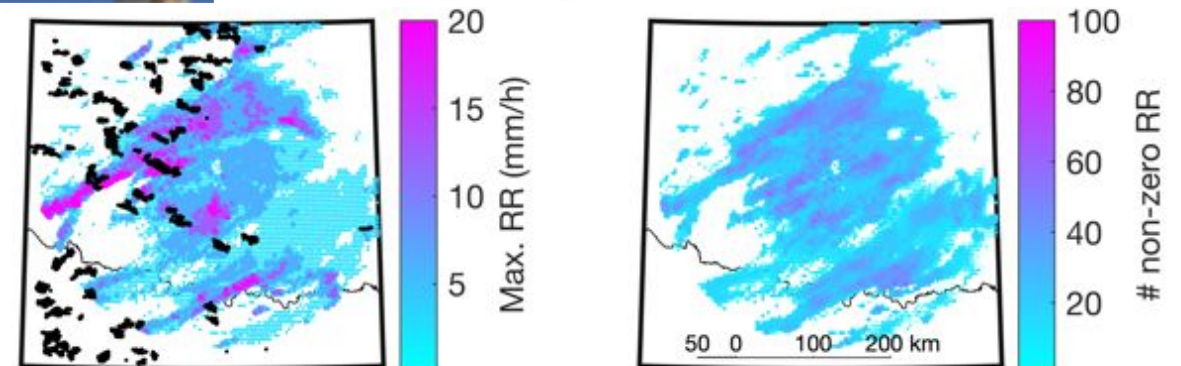
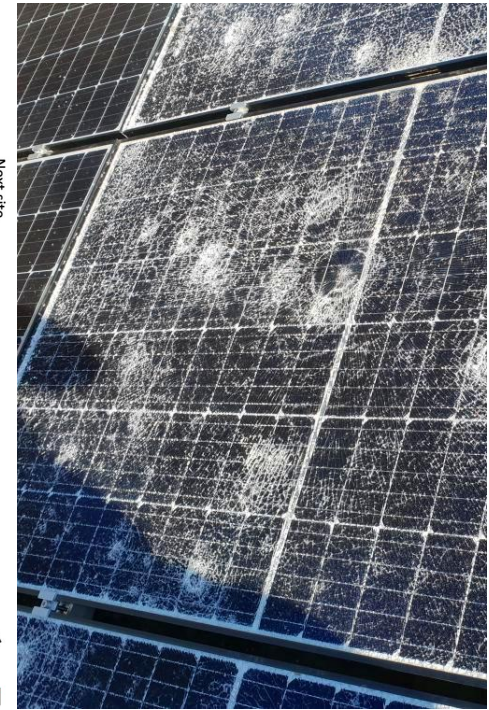
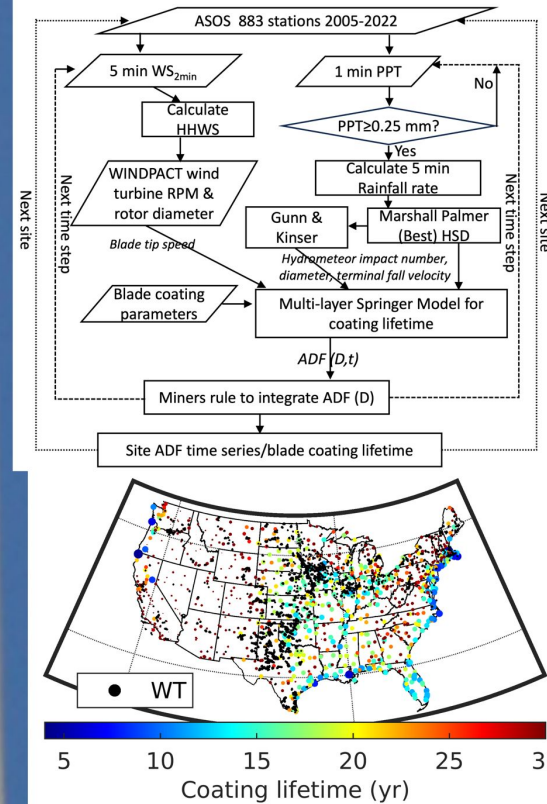
- Extreme hydroclimate as damage vector for solar PV & wind turbine blades



- Why do we need $dx = 4\text{km}$?

- Convection permitting! Needed for damaging events (hail & extreme precipitation)
- Wind speeds (& wind resources) vary on small scales

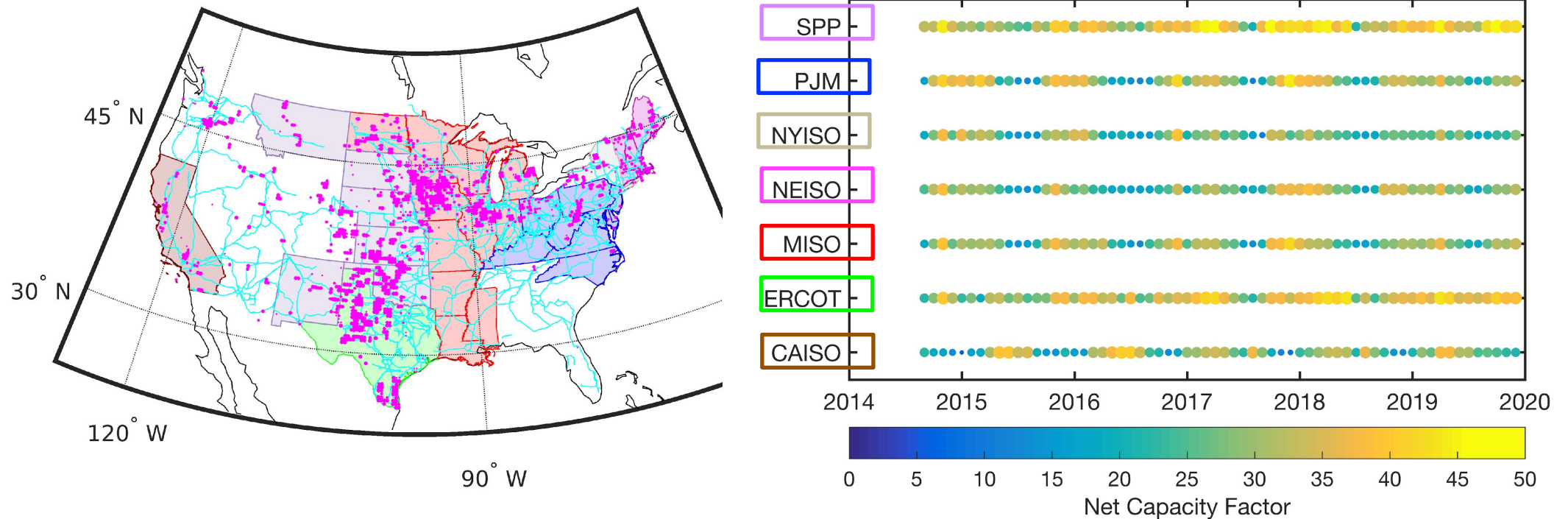
An Atlas of Wind Turbine Blade
Leading Edge Erosion for the USA
Pryor et al.



Pryor et al. (2025): *Energies* **18**, 425; doi:
10.3390/en18020425

I-WRF: Science Use Case #2

- E.g. science questions we will answer using these simulations:
 - Solar & wind resources in a changing climate. Including electricity production droughts (extended periods with LOW generation – e.g. Q1, 2015).



Pryor et al. (2020): *JAMC* 59 2021-2039

- Cornell U MEng student recruited for this science use case (co-supervised SCP & XZ).
- **What demo will go into the container? Likely focus on production droughts...**